



1946



GOVERNMENT OF MADRAS

INDEX TO MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL DEBATES

SIXTH SESSION OF THE FIRST LEGISLATIVE
COUNCIL UNDER THE GOVERNMENT OF
INDIA ACT, 1935

31ST JULY, 6TH, 7TH, 8TH AUGUST, 9TH, 10TH, 11TH,
12TH, 13TH AND 14TH SEPTEMBER
1946

Volume XI (Nos. 1-10)

PRINTED BY THE SUPERINTENDENT
GOVERNMENT PRESS
MADRAS
1947

Price, 4 annas

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14th September 1946.

Volume XI (Nos. 1-10).

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MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

PRINCIPAL OFFICERS.

President.

THE HON. SRI R. B. RAMAKRISHNA RAJU.

Deputy President.

SRI K. VENKATASWAMI NAYUDU.

Panel of Chairman.

SRI K. NATARAJAN.

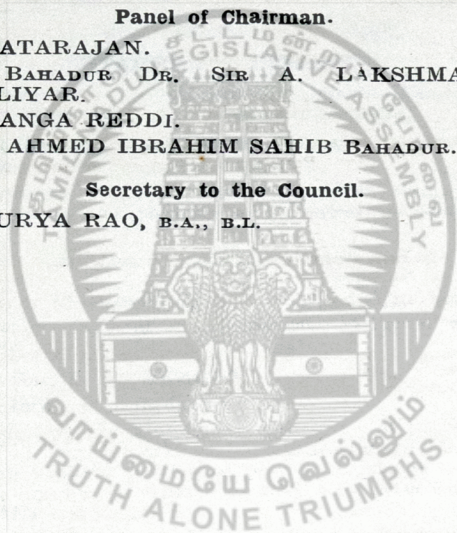
DIWAN BAHADUR DR. SIR A. LAKSHMANASWAMI
MUDALIYAR.

SRI N. RANGA REDDI.

K. T. M. AHMED IBRAHIM SAHIB BAHADUR.

Secretary to the Council.

SRI M. SURYA RAO, B.A., B.L.



வாய்மையே வெல்லும்
TRUTH ALONE TRIUMPHS

THE MADRAS LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Wednesday, the 31st July 1946.

The House met in the Council Chamber, Fort St. George, at three of the clock, the Hon. SRI R. B. RAMAKRISHNA RAJU (President) in the Chair.

I.—SWEARING IN OF A MEMBER.

The following Member took the oath of allegiance to the Crown :—

Sri P. R. K. Sarma.

II.—QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS.

STARRED QUESTIONS.

Appointment of a committee for the revision of salaries and allowances of Government servants.

1. * (6) Q.—SRI R. SURYANARAYANA RAO : Will the Hon. the Prime Minister be pleased to state—

(a) Whether a Committee was appointed some time ago to consider the revision of salaries and allowances of Government servants ;

(b) if so, what the terms of reference and its composition were ;

(c) whether the Committee has completed its labours ; and

(d) whether copies of the Committee's Report will be made available to the Members of the Legislature?

THE HON SRI T. PRAKASAM :—“(a) Yes.

“(b) The terms of reference were—

(i) to ascertain the adequacy or otherwise of the existing basic scales of pay for the various Government servants under the rule-making powers of this Government with reference to the conditions which are likely to exist for some years after the war ; and

(ii) to frame recommendations regarding revised basic scales of pay for them.

The composition of the Committee was as follows :—

The Adviser to His Excellency the Governor in charge of the Finance Department—*Chairman.*

Sir Gerald Hodgson, Sri Diwan Bahadur V. Shanmuga Mudaliyar, O.B.E., Mr. Basheer Ahmed Sayeed, M.A., B.L., M.L.A., and Sri Rao Bahadur M. Narasimham Pantulu, B.A., B.L.—*Members.*

The Special Officer for revision of salaries (Sri Rao Bahadur T. A. Srinivasaraghava Ayyangar, I.S.O.) was the Secretary of the Committee.

“(c) Yes.

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“(d) Yes. A copy of the Report of the Madras Salaries Committee (1944-45) is laid on the table of the Council Library for information.”

SRI R. SURYANARAYANA RAO :—“ May I ask the Hon. the Prime Minister why the copies of the Report should not be circulated to Members instead of merely placing it on the table of the Council Library? ”

THE HON. SRI T. PRAKASAM :—“ Because they were asked to be placed on the table, they were placed on the table.”

SRI R. SURYANARAYANA RAO :—“ Sir, my wording is whether copies of the report will be made available to the Members of the Legislature.”

THE HON. SRI T. PRAKASAM :—“ Yes. The usual understanding of such a statement is that it should be placed on the table and it is placed on the table. If the hon. Member would make it clear that it should be circulated to Members, hereafter, it will be done.”

SRI R. SURYANARAYANA RAO :—“ May I now request the Hon. the Prime Minister that the report may be circulated to the Members of the House? ”

THE HON. SRI T. PRAKASAM :—“ That will be done hereafter.”

SRI P. R. K. SARMA :—“ May I know from the Hon. the Premier what the reasons are for not accepting the recommendations of the Salaries Committee? ”

MR. PRESIDENT :—“ The question does not arise.”

Appointment of House Surgeons.

2. * (21) Q.—SRI R. SURYANARAYANA RAO : Will the Hon. the Minister for Public Health and Medicine be pleased to state—

(a) whether all passed students of Medical Colleges become eligible for appointment as House Surgeons ;

(b) whether all House Surgeons are entitled to remuneration ;

(c) whether the Superintendents of Hospitals are empowered to make the appointment of House Surgeons ;

(d) whether the Government have under consideration proposals for affording better facilities to passed students to act as House Surgeons by increasing their remuneration and the number of stipendiary House Surgeons ; and

(e) whether any test is proposed for securing stipends?

THE HON. MRS. LAKSHMIPATHY :—“ (a) All candidates who have obtained the medical degree and who have not undergone training as House Surgeons or House Physicians are, as far as possible, given opportunities to undergo training as House Surgeons and House Physicians.

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“(b) Only those House Surgeons who hold paid posts sanctioned by Government are allowed remuneration.

“(c) The Surgeon-General is the appointing authority.

“(d) No such proposals are under consideration.

“(e) Subject to communal representation as far as possible, candidates are given paid appointments in the order of merit, that is to say, those who have passed in the final examinations without failing in any annual examination are given the first preference and others in the order of merit as evidenced by the results in their examinations.”

DR. SIR A. LAKSHMANASWAMI MUDALIYAR :—“ May I know whether the Hon. Minister is aware that there is a great deal of feeling among the House Surgeons that their conditions of service are not exactly what they should be? ”

THE HON. MRS. LAKSHMIPATHY :—“ Yes. If the service conditions of the House Surgeons or Physicians are really so and if there is difficulty, the matter will be considered by Government.”

Status and rights of emigrants from this Province.

3. * (17) Q.—SRI R. SURYANARAYANA RAO : Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries and Labour be pleased to state—

(a) whether the Protectors of Immigrants and their offices have ceased to be under the control of the Government of Madras ;

(b) whether the Government of India still continue to consult the Madras Government on questions of policy relating to emigration ;

(c) what effective steps are being taken to implement the decisions of the Government of Madras in matters affecting emigration from this Province ; and

(d) whether in regard to the status and other rights of emigrants from this Province the Government of Madras are being consulted by the Government of India?

THE HON. SRI V. V. GIRI :—“ (a), (b) & (d) Yes, Sir.

“(c) The Government of India attach due weight to the recommendations of this Government and are expected to do their best to carry them out.”

Technical education in the Province.

4. * (28) Q.—SRI R. SURYANARAYANA RAO : Will the Hon. the Minister for Industries and Labour be pleased to state—

(a) the steps proposed to promote technical education in the Province ;

(b) whether to make technical education courses attractive it is proposed to impart education free of cost ;

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(c) whether the Government propose to grant scholarships on a liberal scale to help deserving students; and

(d) whether residential accommodation is provided for pupils in technical schools especially for the benefits of pupils coming from the mufassal?

THE HON. SRI V. V. GIRI :—“(a) With a view to promote technical education in the Province the Government in December 1944 constituted an *ad-hoc* Committee composed of heads of departments and experts to consider the question of expansion of technical education. In accordance with the recommendations of this Committee, the Government propose to start six polytechnics and 15 industrial schools. In addition it is proposed to expand and improve the existing institutions in the Province.

“(b) Technical courses of the artisan type to be introduced in the proposed industrial schools will be free of cost. But a fee of Rs. 36 per annum will be collected from the candidates admitted to the polytechnics.

“(c) The answer is in the affirmative. (Two scholarships of Rs. 20 each per mensem will be awarded for each year of the course in polytechnics and four stipends of the value of Rs. 15 each per mensem per year of course in industrial schools. The total number of stipendiaries proposed would be 500 nearly and the amount involved is Rs. 4,50,000.)

“(d) Residential accommodation is provided for in the proposed institutions. At present accommodation is available only in a few institutions.”

Income from betting tax from the Race Course, Guindy.

5. * (5) Q.—ABDUL LATIF FAROOKHI SAHIB BAHADUR : Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state the annual income the Government get in the shape of betting tax from the Race Course, Guindy?

THE HON. SRI K. R. KARANTH :—“The income derived from betting tax (both Totalisator and Bookmakers) from the Guindy Races during the last three years was as follows :—

1943-44	1944-45	1945-46
RS.	RS.	RS.
6.69 lakhs.	10.53 lakhs.	18.26 lakhs.

Grant of subsidy and loans in respect of the accelerated scheme of sinking new wells, etc.

6. * (18) Q.—SRI R. SURYANARAYANA RAO : Will the Hon. the Minister for Revenue be pleased to state—

(a) what the rules governing the grant of subsidy and loans in respect of the accelerated scheme of sinking new wells and the repair of old ones are ;

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(b) whether representations have been received about the inadequacy of the subsidy as well as the maximum amount of loans granted ;

(c) whether the Government are aware that in view of the varying conditions of the soil, etc., in different parts of the province, the same amount of subsidy or loan is not conducive to the promotion of the accelerated scheme ;

(d) whether the Government are also aware that in many parts of the province there are ryots who are heavily indebted or that the security they can offer either for subsidy or loan or both is not adequate; and

(e) whether in the cases mentioned in (d) the Government propose to undertake digging of wells themselves or repair the existing ones wherever they are, supply water and charge water-rate?

THE HON. SRI K. R. KARANTH :—“(a) The rules are stated in the annexure.*

“(b) Representations were made that the subsidies granted under the accelerated scheme were not adequate, but it was considered unnecessary to enhance the subsidy. A new scheme is now under consideration.

“(c) No representations have been received saying that the amount of loan granted is inadequate. The amount of loan that can be granted for each well has not been limited. It will depend on the cost of the well and the value of the security the ryot can offer.

“(d) The Government are aware that the cost of a well is not the same in different parts of the province ; but, as the scheme had to be evolved in a very limited time to combat shortage of food there was no time to survey the conditions of soil, etc., in different areas and determine the maximum subsidy that should be granted in each area separately. The new long term scheme under consideration will provide for the determination of the amount of subsidies with reference to the different conditions in the several districts.

“(e) As regards loans, the amount that can be granted under the rules is not subject to any specified maximum as already stated.

“(f) Yes.

“(g) It may be mentioned that no security is taken from a ryot before a subsidy is granted to him. He has only to satisfy the officer granting the subsidy as to his capacity to repay the subsidy if he fails to fulfil the terms of the grant and then to give an undertaking agreeing to fulfil those terms.

“(h) No.”

SRI R. SURYANARAYANA RAO :—“ May I invite the attention of the Hon. Minister to paragraph 7 of the annexure according

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to which the ryot is allowed to begin the work immediately after he had applied for the subsidy without waiting for the sanction of the subsidy? The particular portion I am relying on reads :

“ In order, however, that the wells may be completed quickly, the ryots were allowed to begin the work immediately after they had applied for subsidies and without waiting for the subsidies to be sanctioned, the special revenue officers inspecting the wells later to decide whether or not subsidies could be sanctioned.”

“ If after the work has been begun the inspecting officer refuses the subsidy, will not the ryot be put to a heavy expenditure? ”

THE HON. SRI K. R. KARANTH :—“ I take it, Sir, in cases where a man has been asked to begin the work, he is granted the subsidy. I do not see any difficulty about that.”

MR. PRESIDENT :—“ Perhaps the Hon. the Minister means that there are no such cases of the type mentioned by the Hon. Member.”

THE HON. SRI K. R. KARANTH :—“ I do not say that, Sir, But if there are any such cases, I shall look into them.”

[Note.—An asterisk (*) at the commencement of a speech indicates revision by the Member.]

III.—GOVERNMENT BUSINESS.

BUDGET FOR THE YEAR 1946-47.

“ I present to the House the preliminary accounts for 1945-46 and the Budget Estimate for 1946-47.

“ *Introductory remarks.*—The first Congress Ministry in the Madras Presidency resigned office in October 1939 after having been in office for about two years and three months. The Congress Party was again returned to power in this Province at the recent elections. The present Government assumed office on the afternoon of the 30th April 1946. The Treasury Bench is thus again occupied by persons elected by and wholly responsible to the people of the Province.

“ 2. *Revised Budget for 1946-47.*—The budget for 1946-47 which was authorized by His Excellency the Governor under the Proclamation issued under section 93 of the Government of India Act, 1935, and published last March lapsed with the revocation of the Proclamation and the assumption of office by the Ministry. The Ministry has now to present to the Legislature for voting a budget for the full year 1946-47, though it assumes responsibility only for the expenditure during the portion of the year subsequent to the revocation of the Proclamation on 30th April 1946. The figures furnished by the Accountant-General, Madras, for the expenditure incurred in April 1946 whilst the section 93 Proclamation was in

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force, are exhibited separately in the budget, but the expenditure has been merged in the full year's estimates now presented to the Legislature.

" In preparing the revised budget the Government have taken into account various factors that necessitate material changes in the estimates of revenue and expenditure adopted in the budget previously published and have made such other changes as were possible within the short time available after the assumption of office by the Ministry in order to give effect to the policy of the Congress.

" 3. *Preliminary accounts, 1945-6.*—Before considering the budget estimates for 1946-7, a brief reference may be made to the financial results of the year 1945-6. Only the preliminary accounts figures for 1945-6 are available now. These are liable to modification as a result of further adjustments between the revenue section of the accounts and the capital, debt and deposit sections. On the basis of the figures now available the actual revenue in 1945-6 was Rs. 47,86.40 lakhs, i.e., Rs. 6,61.11 lakhs more than the budget estimate, and the expenditure (excluding the net outlay on State Trading Schemes and the transfer to the Revenue Reserve Fund) was Rs. 32,65.05 lakhs, i.e., Rs. 3,26.11 lakhs more than the budget estimate. The increase in revenue occurred mainly under Excise, General Sales Tax, Income-tax, Stamps and Receipts under the Motor Vehicles Acts. The additional expenditure occurred largely under the heads General Administration, Police, Civil Works and Other Taxes and Duties (i.e., Commercial Taxes). The reasons for the increases are given in the Budget Memorandum. Against a net outlay of Rs. 1,06.20 lakhs anticipated in the budget estimate for 1945-6 under State Trading Schemes, there was actually a net credit of Rs. 2,29.20 lakhs due mainly to the realization in 1945-6 of amounts due for sales effected in 1944-5 and to payment not having been made in the year for certain purchases made in 1945-6. As a result of the improvement in revenue and the net credit arising from the transactions relating to State Trading Schemes, it was possible to transfer a sum of Rs. 17,50 lakhs to the Revenue Reserve Fund against Rs. 10,00 lakhs provided in the budget estimate.

" The capital expenditure outside the revenue account was Rs. 87.77 lakhs against the budget estimate of Rs. 1,75.62 lakhs. The position under debt, deposit, advance and remittance heads showed an improvement of over Rs. 1,48 lakhs. This is mainly due to the fact that, as usual, the budget estimate for 1945-6 did not take credit for the new loan of Rs. 3 crores that was actually raised in the open market during the year to finance capital expenditure and loans and advances to local bodies and agriculturists.

" The year 1945-6 closed with a cash balance of Rs. 3,10.09 lakhs against Rs. 50.11 lakhs anticipated in the budget estimate. In addition to the cash balance of Rs. 3,10.09 lakhs, there were at the end of 1945-6 securities worth Rs. 29,65.22 lakhs in the Cash Balance Investment Account and Rs. 14,11.38 lakhs in the Revenue Reserve Fund.

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" 4. *Budget estimate, 1946-7.*—Before entering into the details of the estimated revenue and expenditure of the current year, I shall mention certain general features of the budget.

" 5. *General food position.*—The general food situation in the Province continues to be difficult. The havoc caused by the cyclone of October 1945 in the northern surplus districts, the failure of the north-east monsoon in certain central districts and the insufficient supply of water for irrigation of the Cauvery Delta resulted in a progressive decline of rice stocks in the Province. Imports of rice from outside the Province were not on a sufficient scale to offset appreciably the losses due to natural disasters in the Province. Food distribution therefore became difficult. As against a total deficit of about 10 lakhs tons of rice during the current crop year, the Government of India have so far allotted only about $2\frac{1}{2}$ lakhs tons in the form of rice, including an allotment of about 1 lakh tons of rice from outside India. But they have also allotted fairly large quantities of wheat, flour and maize and some millets in order to make up the deficiency as far as possible. As part of their measures for meeting the food crisis, the Government have launched a vigorous procurement drive throughout the Province. Village, taluk and district committees consisting of influential non-officials are being formed to give assistance in regard to procurement and in ensuring equitable distribution of food. A separate Public Relations Branch has been formed in the Civil Supplies Department to popularise the use of unfamiliar foodstuffs such as wheat. The Government have also sanctioned the purchase of transport vehicles and machinery at a total cost not exceeding Rs. 12.75 lakhs from surplus Army stores, for use in connexion with the food production and procurement drive. The south-west monsoon of 1946 is favourable. If it is followed, as we must hope and pray, by a favourable north-east monsoon, the food position in the Province should rapidly become more satisfactory.

" The Government are endeavouring to see that the prices of essential foodstuffs and firewood are kept as low as possible and that adequate incentives are given for the cultivation of food-crops, by granting subsidies on the sales of certain foodstuffs and by giving bonuses in respect of certain food-crops, etc.

" 6. *Rationing of foodgrains.*—Statutory rationing of foodgrains is now in force in all the municipal towns of the Province and their suburban areas, the whole district of Malabar and the Chirala and Perala villages in Guntur district. Non-statutory rural rationing was first introduced in the deficit districts of Vizagapatam, Tinnevely, Ramnad, Coimbatore, the Nilgiris and South Kanara; owing to the difficult food position it has recently been extended to all parts of the Province where statutory rationing is not in force. Adequate staff has been sanctioned for the enforcement of the rationing of foodgrains under both methods.

3-30 P.m. " 7. *Grow More Food Campaign.*—The Government have taken various measures to promote increased production of food. They have sanctioned an accelerated scheme for sinking new wells and repairing old ones. The scheme was introduced in all the districts

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of the Province except the Nilgiris. Under the scheme, half the cost of sinking a new well or repairing an old well is given as a subsidy, subject to a maximum of Rs. 300 or Rs. 310 for each new well and a maximum of Rs. 160 in respect of repairs to old wells. By the end of June 1946 applications involving the payment of subsidies amounting to Rs. 3.14 lakhs for new wells and Rs. 77 lakhs for old wells had been received and the amount of subsidies sanctioned by that date was Rs. 1.88 lakhs for new wells and Rs. 48 lakhs for old wells. The sinking of wells is on the whole costlier and more difficult in the Ceded Districts than elsewhere. Owing partly to these special circumstances and partly to the need to provide employment for labourers during the coming months when there may be famine, the Government have sanctioned a modified scheme for the Ceded Districts, with effect from 24th June 1946, so as to provide for the payment of subsidy up to Rs. 500 for a new well and Rs. 300 for an old well. As the necessary data were not available in time, it was not possible to include in the revised budget the additional provision required for the subsidies mentioned above. The Government have also sanctioned the grant of bonus to cultivators for encouraging cultivation of short-term cereal crops during March and April 1946, free distribution of manure in certain taluks in Malabar and South Kanara districts to lands cultivated with short-term paddy sown in the months of April, May and June 1946, the grant of bonus to ryots for short-term paddy and millets to be delivered in September, October and up to 15th November 1946 and bonus for delivery of paddy, rice, etc., during June and July 1946.

“ The Province was even in normal times deficit in foodgrains. While the population is growing, food production is more or less stationary. It is, therefore, necessary to intensify the assistance to the production of more foodgrains to bridge the ever-widening gap. While planning to increase the area under cultivation and introducing better methods, the Government propose to concentrate immediately on improving the yield in rice surplus areas by providing more manure and better drainage facilities as this is the best way of securing quick results.

“ 8. *Prohibition*.—As a first instalment, the Government have ordered that prohibition should be re-introduced in the districts of Salem, Chittoor, Cuddapah and North Arcot with effect from 1st October 1946 and that the enforcement of prohibition should be entrusted to the Police and Excise Department under the control of Inspector-General with the assistance of such Excise staff as they find necessary for the purpose. The loss of revenue on account of this decision is estimated at Rs. 2.30 crores for a full year.

“ 9. *Village Reconstruction and Harijan Uplift*.—The Government have decided to undertake certain measures of rural reconstruction and pursue them vigorously. To start with, they propose to make a firka in each district self-sufficient in the matter of food and clothing. Each selected firka will be in charge of a Firka Development Officer of the rank of a Deputy Tahsildar and under him there will be one Village Development Officer of the rank of a Revenue Inspector for each of the four or five groups of villages

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into which each selected firka will be divided. The necessary subordinate staff will be provided for each Firka Development Officer and Village Development Officer.

" A scheme for the production of khadi in each of the selected firkas is ready and will be put into operation almost at once. The special feature of the scheme is that not only will yarn be spun in the villages but it will as far as possible be woven into cloth in the same areas. A sum of Rs. 3 crores has been included in the budget for the purpose. A further sum of Rs. 1 crore has been included for measures aiming at the uplift of Harijans and the removal of their disabilities. A special fund will be constituted for financing these schemes and contributions will be made to it from current revenues. This is not to be voted as a lump sum. It was examined and considered by the Finance Department and they consider that a lump sum provision cannot be made as it is against the spirit of the rules. Therefore we decided that four crores may be earmarked as a fund from which money may be drawn from time to time, and at the end of the year the balance may be carried over to the next year. I am giving this, because there has been some misapprehension as to why a lump sum has been provided.

" 10. *Education*.—Apart from the additional provision of grants to managements of aided primary schools to enable them to pay higher dearness allowance at Rs. 16 per mensem to their teaching staff and for the supply of midday meals to poor children attending primary schools in selected areas, the budget includes a provision of Rs. 22 lakhs for the extension of compulsory primary education to further selected areas in the current year. To provide teachers for the increasing number of primary schools, the Government have also planned to train 4,000 additional teachers and have arranged for the payment of enhanced rates of stipends to teachers undergoing training. The Government are aware of the need for raising the status of the teachers and are actively considering proposals with regard to raising their status. As a token of their sympathy towards the low paid teachers in aided primary schools, the Government have decided to give from 1st August 1946 an increment of two rupees a month on the grant paid in respect of each teacher in the aided primary schools because these teachers are about the lowest paid in the ladder. This decision was taken after the budget estimate was fixed and involves an extra cost of Rs. 7½ lakhs in the current year and Rs. 13 lakhs in a full year.

" The budget includes also provision for the payment of grant to the Andhra University towards the cost of the Chancellery and Administration buildings and an increased block grant to the Annamalai University, for the opening of Government Engineering Colleges at Cocanada and Anantapur, and for the opening of a Government College for Muslim girls at Madras and of the B.Sc. course in the Government Muhammadan College. Provision has been made also for the raising of the Coimbatore Government Arts College to a First Grade College and steps will be taken to place the Coimbatore College of Technology on a permanent basis.

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" I would like to indicate here the policy which the Government intend to pursue with regard to education. Several religious endowments have surplus funds regarding the use of which there is no settled policy. The Government will take necessary steps to ensure that all surplus funds are used for education by the opening of new institutions.

" Basic education on the lines expounded by the Hindusthani Talimi Sangh will be adopted, and it is expected that gradually our schools and training schools will be remodelled on those lines.

" University education also needs much reform. Students on completion of their high school studies go to colleges as a matter of course. It is necessary to divert them to various professions so that many of them need not aimlessly go in for a college education. The result of the present system of education has been a fall in the standard of University achievement. Most of our graduates have to content themselves with filling clerical posts under Government or entering the overcrowded profession of law. The University education is really unnecessary for most of the professions that men and women seek to fill and should be taken up by young men and women who have the capacity to benefit from it and contribute to the progress and development of the country by research, initiative and opening up of fresh fields of activities. The Government propose to take up the re-organization of education in right earnest in the near future. In the re-organization, the proper place and importance will be given to the regional language.

" 11. *Medical*.—The Government have sanctioned the opening of two new Government Medical Colleges in the current year—one at Madura and the other at Guntur. They propose to provide facilities for the training of 200 additional midwives from 1946-7. Arrangements have also been made for opening, as and when necessary, 200 hospitals with 20 beds each in certain districts to meet the emergency which may arise as a result of the deterioration of the health of the people due to food shortage. The Government also propose to develop the practice of the indigenous systems of medicine, such as Ayurveda, Sidda and Unani and also of homœopathy and naturopathy, in this Province and education in those systems on systematic and up-to-date lines. A sum of Rs. 5 lakhs has been provided in the budget for this purpose.

" 12. *Public Health*.—Provision has been made for two anti-malarial units in the revised budget, one in the Agency tracts of Vizagapatam district and the other in the Agency tracts of East Godavari district. The Government have also made suitable preparations for combating epidemics that may break out as a result of food scarcity. They have also arranged for the purchase of multi-vitamin tablets and other preparations for use in treating food deficiency diseases, at a cost of Rs. 18 lakhs.

13. *Development of rural water-supply*.—There is a great need for the acceleration of the rural water-supply programme in the Province in general and in the famine-affected Ceded districts in

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particular. It is proposed to transfer Rs. 30 lakhs to the fund for the development of rural water-supply to meet increased expenditure on rural water-supply works.

“ 14. *Municipal water-supply and drainage schemes.*—In addition to the municipal water-supply and drainage schemes for which funds are provided in the budget, certain other schemes under this head are under active consideration and the Government hope to sanction some of these in the course of the current year and present a supplementary demand in due course for the funds required.

“ 15. *Housing.*—The Government are well aware of the difficulties arising from the acute shortage of houses in the Province and are carefully considering what measures should be taken to improve the position. A proposal to undertake legislation to make it possible to continue control of house-rents after the expiry of the Defence of India Rules is also receiving attention.

“ 16. *Highways Department and road works.*—The previous Government decided that local bodies should be relieved of the responsibility for the maintenance and development of important lines of communications and 10,000 more miles of roads were taken over by the Government from 1st April 1946. To maintain the roads taken over from local bodies and to execute the post-war development programme, the Highways Department was constituted from 1st April 1946. The present Government are, however, reviewing the position in view of the paramount need for increased production of food and other essential articles and are not in favour of spending large amounts on road works. They would prefer to spend larger amounts on irrigation works and other productive schemes, while setting apart adequate funds for improvements and maintenance of existing roads, and for construction of new roads wherever necessary. The Government have also considerably curtailed the programme of purchase of mechanical equipment and contemplate the revision of the entire post-war programme for road development. They propose that the staff that will be retrenched from the Highways department should be used for the investigation of important irrigation and electricity schemes which has been held up for want of engineering staff.

“ 17. *Irrigation, etc., works.*—Special attention will be paid to the restoration of minor irrigation works by executing the necessary repairs and by deepening them, and irrigation channels will be put in order. Work on Major Projects such as the Tungabhadra Project and the Machkund Project will be continued and progress speeded up, and the investigation of the Ramapadasagara Project will also continue.

“ Several proposed irrigation schemes were abandoned in the past on the ground that they would not yield a minimum financial return, although they were otherwise considered to be sound. With a view to expanding the area under food crops it will be necessary to examine some of these schemes again as well as new projects. The Government are considering a revision of their irrigation policy.

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18. *Local Administration*.—In the sphere of Local Administration, the Government have decided to enlarge the powers of Municipalities and Local Boards and to remove certain restrictions which have been placed on them during recent years, so as to enable them to function more efficiently in meeting the needs and providing the amenities of civic life in our towns and villages. The Village Panchayat Act, passed this year before the present Ministry took office, will also be thoroughly recast, and Panchayats will be reorganized so as to enable them to serve as autonomous bodies administering village affairs. Necessary legislation to achieve these objects will be prepared and placed before the House in the course of the year.

19. *Famine relief*.—The Government decided to speed up the well-digging programme and repairs to irrigation works and to increase the number of Public Works Department and District Board works in the famine-affected districts in order to provide employment for the people. One hundred and sixty-five works have been sanctioned in Anantapur and sixty-four in Bellary. Fodder depots have also been opened in these districts to relieve the fodder scarcity. Gratuitous relief in the shape of cash and grain is also distributed to infirm and decrepit persons in the affected villages. Large consignments of condensed milk have been supplied to the Collectors of these districts for distribution to expectant and nursing mothers and children. Remissions of land revenue have been granted on a liberal scale in the affected areas. The budget provides for an expenditure of Rs. 145 lakhs on famine relief measures and it is proposed to make a net withdrawal of Rs. 39 lakhs from the Famine Relief Fund to meet a part of this expenditure.

The Ceded districts are a tract constantly liable to famine and considerable sums are spent year after year on unproductive works to provide famine relief. Measures for the permanent development of the area are long overdue. The Government propose to address themselves immediately to this task by diverting a portion of the provision for famine relief and by further grants, if necessary. A geological survey will be undertaken and the abundant and valuable mineral wealth of the tract will be utilized. An Economic Development Board has been in existence for some time and has made a number of proposals. It will be strengthened and reorganized and provided with a high-powered executive working directly under the Government. Its duty will be to effect the suggested improvements as quickly as possible with the aid of special grants placed at its disposal.

20. *Post-war development schemes*.—The Government have already sanctioned a number of post-war development schemes and other schemes are under detailed examination. The total provision included in the budget for post-war development schemes is Rs. 11,33.41 lakhs, of which Rs. 7,82.60 lakhs is debitable to the revenue account.

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" In planning it is necessary to take note of the fact that a number of articles which can be produced in the Province, are imported, resulting in loss of money and loss of avenues for employment. Bangles are an instance in point; bangles worth Rs. 50 lakhs are imported annually into the Province. They are articles which can be easily manufactured here and in fact there was a flourishing trade in them in some areas till a few years ago.

" Trade and Commerce complain that the existing channels have been interfered with and one opening after another is closed to them. But the kind of business so far has largely been of the type which takes no risks, does not add to the real wealth of the Province and aims at making money in easy ways like commission agency, money-lending, etc. The Government in future planning intend to open up new lines along which trade and commerce may prosper and help the real development of the Province. They propose to establish an Industrial Finance Corporation on the lines of the Industrial Finance Corporations recently formed in the United Kingdom and make it responsible for the proper industrial development of the Province. It will work independently of the Government but subject to their control.

" 21. *Judiciary and Executive and Jails.*—The budget also includes token provisions of Rs. 2 lakhs for the separation of the Judiciary and Executive and Rs. 1 lakh for the improvement of sub-jails in the Province.

" 22. *Revision of rates of pay.*—The Government are considering carefully the question of improving the rates of pay of the lower grades of Government servants and servants of local bodies. The Government hope to pass orders soon on the memorials of the village officers and servants asking for increased remuneration which are now under their active consideration.

" 23. *Reorganization of land systems.*—It is the intention of the Government to bring in legislation as early as possible regarding the Estates Land Act and the Malabar Tenancy Act. The examination of the Land Tenures in the other areas of the Province with a view to reform has also been taken up.

" 24. *Revenue Reserve Fund.*—In recent years there were large surpluses in the revenue account, and they were transferred to the Revenue Reserve Fund in order that the moneys so accumulated might be drawn upon to meet expenditure on post-war development schemes and to cover revenue deficits. On 1st April 1946 there was a balance of Rs. 31,40 lakhs in the Fund in cash and securities. In order to balance the budget after meeting the large expenditure on food subsidies, providing Rs. 4 crores for village reconstruction and Harijan uplift and providing for a number of other new schemes including post-war development schemes, it is proposed to withdraw Rs. 894 lakhs from the Revenue Reserve Fund.

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" 25. *Budget Estimate, 1946-7, Summary.*—Coming now to the actual figures of estimated revenue and expenditure to be met from current revenues in 1946-7, the position is as follows :—

	Preliminary Accounts, 1945-6	Budget Estimate, 1946-7
	RS.	RS.
Revenue—	LAKHS.	LAKHS.
Normal	47,86.40	48,48.92
Transfer from the Revenue Reserve Fund. ..	..	8,94.00
Total ..	47,86.40	57,42.92
Expenditure on revenue account excluding (a) net outlay on State Trading Schemes and (b) Transfer to the Revenue Reserve Fund.	32,65.05	50,53.58
Net outlay on State Trading Schemes ..	2,29.20	6,89.19
Transfer to the Revenue Reserve Fund ..	17,50.00	..
Total ..	47,85.85	57,42.77
Surplus ..	.55	.15

" 26. *Revenue.*—The total revenue anticipated for 1946-7 (excluding the transfer from the Revenue Reserve Fund) exceeds the preliminary accounts figure for 1945-6 by Rs. 62.52 lakhs. The Government of India have offered to give " advance grants " (i.e., advances against the grants that will be allocated to this Province by the Government of India for post-war development in the five years from 1947-8 on principles which have not yet been finally settled) towards the expenditure on unproductive post-war development schemes incurred in 1945-6 and likely to be incurred in 1946-7. The budget takes credit for Rs. 4.48 lakhs on this account. The merging of the surcharges with the basic rates of Income-tax will increase the Provinces' share of Income-tax receipts and the Madras Government's share in 1946-7 is expected to be Rs. 54.60 lakhs more than in 1945-6. The budget also anticipates larger receipts under Land Revenue, Agriculture and Electricity Schemes. On the other hand the budget allows for a loss of revenue of about Rs. 1.15 lakhs under Excise on account of the reintroduction of prohibition in the districts of Salem, Cuddapah, Chittoor and North Arcot from 1st October 1946 and a further decrease of Rs. 2.02 lakhs under Excise on account of the anticipated fall in wages and employment due to cessation or reduction of war-time activities. Decreases are also anticipated under Stamps, General Sales Tax, Entertainment Tax and Betting Tax due to the anticipated diminution in war-time prosperity, under Forest as a result of the stoppage of supply of timber and hay for war purposes and under Civil Defence on account of the absence of certain special credits which accrued in 1945-6 due to the sale of A.R.P. stores and recovery of arrears from the Government of India on account of poolable expenditure and coastal patrols.

" 27. *Expenditure.*—Including the net outlay on State Trading Schemes, the budget provides for an expenditure of Rs. 57,42.77 lakhs, i.e., Rs. 27,06.92 lakhs more than the preliminary accounts

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figure of expenditure for 1945-6, excluding the transfer to the Revenue Reserve Fund which was not outright expenditure. Of this large increase of Rs. 27.07 lakhs, over Rs. 9.18 lakhs is due to State Trading Schemes, the net outlay on which in 1946-7 is expected to be Rs. 6.89 lakhs as a result of heavy subsidies on food against the net credit of Rs. 2.29 lakhs in 1945-6. The establishment and other charges incurred in connexion with the intensive procurement and rationing of foodgrains and free distribution of milk to school children and priority consumers in the mufassal account for an increase of Rs. 2.80 lakhs, while the schemes for village reconstruction and Harijan uplift are responsible for an increase of Rs. 4.00 lakhs. There is an increase of over Rs. 3.74 lakhs under Civil Works, which arises mainly from the taking over of a number of roads from local bodies, the constitution of a new Highways Department and the execution of works included in the post-war development plans and other works held up during the war. Education is responsible for an increase of over Rs. 1.99 lakhs on account of provision for payment of larger grants to managements of aided schools towards the cost of dearness allowance to their teaching staff, for supply of midday meals to poor children attending primary schools and for a number of new schemes such as the opening of Government Engineering Colleges at Cocanada and Anantapur and the training of 4,000 additional teachers. Famine contributes an increase of Rs. 1.01 lakhs, after allowing for the net transfer to be made from the Famine Relief Fund to meet a portion of the expenditure. There are increases on a smaller scale under a number of other heads, notably Irrigation, Police, Public Health, Agriculture and Industries.

“ Detailed explanations for the variations between the preliminary accounts figures for 1945-6 and the Budget Estimate for 1946-7 under the various heads are given in Part II of the Finance Secretary's Memorandum on the budget for 1946-7.

“ 28. *Capital expenditure.*—The total capital expenditure outside the revenue account (excluding the net outlay on State Trading Schemes and the expenditure on pension commutation payments which will be met from current revenues) is Rs. 4,29.84 lakhs against 87.77 lakhs in the preliminary accounts for 1945-6. The large increase results from increased provision for a number of electricity schemes and for the Tungabhadra Project, on which only a limited amount could be actually spent in 1945-6.

“ 29. *Loans and advances.*—The budget takes credit for recoveries of over Rs. 100 lakhs under loans and advances and provides for new advances of over Rs. 2.06 lakhs including Rs. 30 lakhs for short-term loans to the Madras Co-operative Central Land Mortgage Bank and about Rs. 71 lakhs for new loans to local bodies.

“ 30. *New open market loan, 1946.*—It will be desirable to raise a loan in the open market if easy money conditions continue to prevail, so that the proceeds may be used to finance capital outlay

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and new loans and advances. Borrowing on a large scale will eventually be necessary to provide funds for development and it is advisable to spread out the open market borrowing and raise as much as can conveniently be raised in the open market on reasonable terms each year. Following the usual practice, no credit has been taken in the budget on this account.

“ 31. *Closing balance, 1946-7.*—After taking into account the opening cash balance of Rs. 3,10.09 lakhs and the probable credits and debits under all the heads, the year is expected to close with a cash balance of Rs. 50.91 lakhs. It is estimated that, in addition to this cash balance, the Government will hold on 31st March 1947 securities worth Rs. 9,21.46 lakhs in the Cash Balance Investment Account and securities worth Rs. 22,40.38 lakhs in the Revenue Reserve Fund. It is also anticipated that the Government will hold on 31st March 1947 securities purchased for Rs. 3,92.48 lakhs belonging to the Sinking Fund Investment Account, the Famine Relief Fund and the Electricity Depreciation Reserve and Special Reserve Funds.

“ 32. *Conclusion.*—The Government anticipate that the post-war levels of prices and employment will eventually be lower than the war-time levels and that this will probably involve an appreciable fall in Provincial revenues, but so far there is no sign of any such fall as a result of the end of the war. The expenditure of the Province continues to increase steadily even beyond the high level established during the war years. The deficit of nearly Rs. 9 crores in the revenue account anticipated this year may be regarded as exceptional as it is mainly due to heavy food subsidies and the high cost of importing foodgrains, powdered milk, etc., from outside to meet the acute and exceptional food shortage caused by a variety of adverse natural factors. Without these special items of expenditure and without giving up any important source of revenue, it would have been just possible to balance the budget this year. It will be necessary to tap new sources of revenue to meet the increasing expenditure on post-war development schemes in future years. As the Government intend to extend prohibition to other districts in future years, it will be impossible even to maintain the existing level of expenditure unless alternative sources of revenue are found. How best the additional revenue may be raised will of course be a question for very careful consideration by the Government. They will at the same time examine what retrenchment in expenditure may be effected.

“ Here, with your permission, Sir, I may say a few words. One is how long this Government might take to establish this prohibition in all the districts of the Province. Though it has not been possible to establish in all the districts simultaneously to-day, the Government feel that in a period of three years, all the Province will be covered by prohibition. Moreover there is one other matter that I might make clear. The income from the sales tax item which was intended primarily to cover losses that we might incur on account of establishment of prohibition will have to be set apart

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by the Government so that it might be utilized next year or every year for establishing prohibition in other districts. These are the two points on which I wanted to make a statement before concluding my budget speech.

"The work of the Finance Department in preparing the budget has by no means been easy. Not only has it had to prepare it in a short time, but it has also had constantly to readjust it as the various schemes of the new Government were decided upon. I take this opportunity to render the thanks of the Government to Dr. Dodwell and Mr. T. N. S. Raghavan and their officers and staff.

"With these words I commend this budget for the acceptance of this House."

IV.—STATEMENT REGARDING REDUCTION OF THE RICE PORTION OF THE RATION.

THE HON. SRI T. PRAKASAM :—“With your permission Mr. President, and with the permission of hon. Members, I would like to make a statement on the food situation.

“When I spoke on the food position in May last, I estimated a local procurement of 300,000 tons rice and 36,000 tons of millets and imports to the extent of 116,000 tons rice, 500 tons of millets and 30,000 tons of wheat and wheat products for the period from May to October. I said that even with these local procurement and imports our overall deficit in all foodgrains would be 268,000 tons at the end of October. I also stated that considerable further help would be necessary to carry us through November and December as our main harvest would be available only thereafter.

“I am glad to say that both procurement and imports are better than anticipated. From 3rd May 1946 upto 18th July 1946, 298,673 tons of rice and 34,693 tons of millets have been procured. Procurement has no doubt been considerably helped by the bonus offered by the Government for deliveries in June and July. As regards imports, the Government of India have, owing to their slightly improved supply position, been able to give us increased quotas, much of which however is in the shape of maize, wheat and wheat products rather than rice. According to present information, the net imports that we can expect from 1st July up to the end of October are about 67,000 tons of rice, 103,000 tons of millets and maize, 75,000 tons of wheat and 20,000 tons of wheat flour. Even with better procurement and increased imports, the position in respect of rice is not easy as at the present rate of consumption, the stocks including anticipated imports will get completely exhausted by the last week of October leaving no buffer at all. But the stocks will run out much sooner in some areas than others, because the stocks in surplus areas are naturally more than in other areas, and it is impossible to expect producers to surrender what they require for themselves till the next harvest. Allowing a month's buffer on this account the available stocks will be enough only till about 25th September, when rationing will begin to break

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down. The Government of India hope to supply further quantities of rice, wheat and wheat products in September and October, but how much will be allotted by them and how much will actually arrive are uncertain. There is no indication at all of what help will be available in November and December, as the Government of India are reviewing the position every month and are allotting quotas only about a month in advance.

"In these circumstances it has become necessary to take steps to conserve the existing stocks of rice. The Government have therefore regretfully decided to reduce the rice portion of the ration to 8 oz. in the case of rice-eaters with effect from 4th August 1946, as otherwise we shall be landed in a very awkward situation, if imports do not arrive in sufficient quantities or in time. Heavy manual labourers will however continue to get 10 oz. of rice as at present.

"If the position improves later, I need hardly say that the rice portion of the ration will be increased. In the meantime I appeal to the Members and to the public to put up with the inconvenience and help the Government to get through these three difficult months. One way of immediate help is to consume the large quantities of maize and wheat and wheat products that are being supplied and reduce the strain on rice. Another way of help is to improve the procurement of the short-term crops which will be harvested in September and October. The Government have already announced sufficient inducement by announcing a bonus for delivery of the short-term crops up to the 15th of November 1946. If the response is satisfactory, it may be possible to restore the cut much sooner than the present position indicates."

MR. PRESIDENT :—"The general discussion on the budget will take place on 6th, 7th and 8th August, as the hon. Members already know. I do not propose to lay down any time-limit for the general discussion at present, but that does not mean that I do not reserve my right to do so if necessity arises. I hope that all members will co-operate with me in trying to finish the discussion within the three days. I need not also inform members that written speeches are at a discount."

V.—GOVERNMENT RESOLUTIONS.

(i) HOUSE COMMITTEE.

THE HON. SRI T. PRAKASAM :—"Sir, on behalf of the Hon. Sri B. Veeraswami, I move—

"*that under rule 143 of the Madras Council Rules, the House do proceed to elect six members to the House Committee according to the principle of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote in accordance with the regulations made in this behalf by the President.*"

The motion, duly seconded, was put and carried.

MR. PRESIDENT :—"I have to inform the House that, in accordance with the Regulations framed by me under rule 143 of

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the Madras Council Rules for the holding of elections, according to the principle of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote, I fix 1 p.m. to-morrow (1st August 1946) as the time within which nomination of candidates for election to the House Committee should reach the Secretary.

"If the number of candidates nominated exceeds the number of vacancies, namely, six, there will be an election between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. on 6th August 1946."

(ii) ELECTION OF ONE MEMBER TO THE ADVISORY COMMITTEE OF THE MADRAS AND SOUTHERN MAHRATTA RAILWAY.

THE HON. SRI M. BHAKTHAVATSALAM :—"Mr. President, I move—

"that with reference to G.O. No. 55, Railway, dated 10th December 1923, and rule 3 of the existing rules relating to the Local Advisory Committee of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, this Council do recommend to Government to communicate to the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway, the name of one person elected by this Council to serve on their Railway Advisory Committee for the remaining period of two years ending with 31st March 1948."

DR. SIR A. LAKSHMANASWAMI MUDALIYAR :—"May I know, Mr. President, whether the Hon. Minister has considered the position arising out of the altered situation of the Madras and Southern Mahratta Railway? That railway is now a Government concern. Will he be pleased to consider the need for suitably modifying the motion so as to suit the present situation?"

THE HON. SRI M. BHAKTHAVATSALAM :—"I will consider the question and take action suitably."

The motion, duly seconded, was put and carried.

MR. PRESIDENT :—"I have to announce that the following procedure shall be adopted for conducting the election. The Hon. Members will please had in nominations to the Secretary before 2 p.m. to-morrow (1st August 1946). If the number of candidates nominated exceeds one, an election will be held between 11 a.m. and 3 p.m. on 7th August 1946. The election will be by the ordinary method and not according to the method of single transferable vote."

VI.—PANEL OF CHAIRMEN.

MR. PRESIDENT :—"I have to announce to the House that, under rule 9 of the Madras Council Rules, I have nominated the following three members to be the Panel of Chairmen for the fifth session of the Council in addition to Sri K. Natarajan, whose nomination as such was announced to the House on the 29th May 1946 :—

(1) Diwan Bahadur Dr. Sir A. Lakshmanaswami Mudaliar.

(2) Sri N. Ranga Reddi.

(3) K. T. M. Ahmed Ibrahim Sahib Bahadur."

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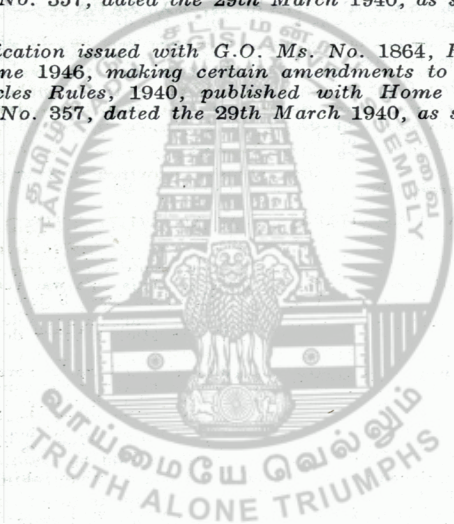
The House then adjourned to meet again at 11 a.m. on 6th August 1946.

VII.—PAPERS LAID ON THE TABLE OF THE HOUSE.

(1) Notification issued with G.O. Ms. No. 1495, Home, dated 14th May 1946, making certain amendments to the Madras Motor Vehicles Rules, 1940, published with Home Department Notification No. 357, dated the 29th March 1940, as subsequently amended.

(2) Notification issued with G.O. Ms. No. 1590, Home, dated the 23rd May 1946, making certain amendments to the Madras Motor Vehicles Rules, 1940, published with Home Department Notification No. 357, dated the 29th March 1940, as subsequently amended.

(3) Notification issued with G.O. Ms. No. 1864, Home, dated the 22nd June 1946, making certain amendments to the Madras Motor Vehicles Rules, 1940, published with Home Department Notification No. 357, dated the 29th March 1940, as subsequently amended.



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ANNEXURE.

[Vide answer to starred question No. 6 asked by Sri R. Suryanarayana Rao at the meeting of the Legislative Council held on 31st July 1946, page 4 supra.]

Rules governing the grant of subsidy and loans for sinking new wells and repairing old wells under the Accelerated Scheme.

The Accelerated Scheme was introduced in all the districts of the Province except the Nilgiris. Under the scheme, a subsidy of half the cost of the new well or of repairs to an old well, subject to the maxima mentioned below, was granted. In the district of North Arcot, Chingleput, Chittoor, Madura, Ramnad, Tinnevely and Salem and in the Ceded Districts there was already a Grow More Food Scheme under which a subsidy of 25 per cent of the cost, subject to a maximum of Rs. 310 was granted for a new well. In these districts, the maximum subsidy for sinking a new well under the Accelerated Scheme was also fixed at Rs. 310. In the case of old wells, the maximum subsidy payable was Rs. 160 in all the districts.

2. The ryot who has been granted a subsidy may also be given a takkavi loan to cover the balance of the cost. Loans so granted are free of interest during the first year and repayment will start only after two or three years.

3. The grant of the subsidy was subject to the conditions—

- (1) that the well should be completed by 30th September 1946; and
- (2) that only food crops should be grown under the well for three years following the completion of the well.

Food crops include vegetables and fruits.

4. In the case of new wells, subsidies were generally granted only for wells sunk in areas where the water table was 20 to 30 feet below ground level and where piccottahs could be worked by men. This restriction was imposed in view of the difficulty in getting bulls for purposes of baling out water from wells, and it was waived if the owner of the well had bulls.

5. In the case of old wells, a restriction was imposed that the well should be capable of irrigating at least half an acre more of paddy or one acre more of any other food crop than before repairs. This rule was relaxed in cases where the well was deepened by a depth of at least 3 feet.

6. Big wells were allowed to have revetment only on one side to satisfy the conditions of the scheme, the rest of the revetment being done after 30th September 1946.

7. Subsidies were usually granted before the well works were begun, after a brief enquiry as to the capacity of the ryot to repay the same if he failed to satisfy the conditions of the grant. In order, however, that the wells may be completed quickly, the ryots were allowed to begin the work immediately after they had applied for subsidies and without waiting for the subsidies to be sanctioned, the Special Revenue Officers inspecting the wells later to decide whether or not subsidies could be sanctioned. Before subsidies are sanctioned the ryots should furnish an undertaking agreeing to abide by the conditions of the grant.

8. The grant of loans for sinking and repairing wells is governed by the ordinary Loans Rules. In order to provide for the quick disposal of applications for loans for the purpose, the rules have been specially amended so as to empower all Tahsildars to sanction loans up to Rs. 700 in each case. In respect of applications from occupancy ryots of estates, the one month's time ordinarily given to the landholder to signify his objections to the grant of the loan, has been reduced to ten days.

9. If it should be proved that any portion of the subsidy has been misapplied to any purpose other than that for which it has been granted or if the grantee fails to carry out the terms on which the subsidy has been granted the officer granting the subsidy may recover the entire amount of the subsidy summarily with interest and costs as an arrear of land revenue. In the case of wells in the districts, where the Grow More Food Scheme for the grant of a subsidy of 25 per cent of the cost, is in force, however, only half the amount of subsidy granted under the Accelerated Scheme will be recovered. The other half will be treated as subsidy granted under the Grow More Food Scheme.

10. If the work should fail altogether owing to causes over which the ryot has no control the Collector or the Board of Revenue will determine whether any repayment shall be required.